

BUSINESS, CONSUMER SERVICES, AND HOUSING AGENCY . GOVERNOR EDMUND G. BROWN JR.

 BOARD OF PSYCHOLOGY – Administration

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MEMORANDUM

DATE	June 5, 2014
то	Psychology Board Members
FROM	Jonathan Burke Administrative Services Coordinator
SUBJECT	SB 1159 (Lara) License Applicants: Federal Tax Identification

Background:

SB 1159 requires the professional and vocational licensing boards within the Department of Consumer Affairs to require an applicant other than a partnership to provide either a federal tax identification number or social security number, if one has been issued to an applicant. The bill requires the bodies to report to the Franchise Tax Board, and subject a licensee to a penalty, for failure to provide that information.

Action Requested:

The staff recommendation is to continue to watch SB 1159.

Attachment A shows the current language proposed in SB 1159.

No. 1159

Introduced by Senator Lara

February 20, 2014

An act to amend Section 494 30 of the Business and Professions Code, *and to amend Section 19528 of the Revenue and Taxation Code*, relating to professions and vocations.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

SB 1159, as amended, Lara. Professions and vocations: license suspension or restriction. *applicants: federal tax identification number*.

Existing law provides for the licensure and regulation of various professions and vocations by boards within the Department of Consumer Affairs, among other-entities licensing bodies. Existing law-authorizes a board or an administrative law judge to, upon petition, issue an interim order suspending a licensee or imposing license restrictions if the petition demonstrates that the licensee has engaged in specified violations of law or has been convicted of a crime related to the licensed activity and permitting the licensee to continue to practice would endanger the public requires those licensing bodies to require a licensee, at the time of issuance of the license, to provide its federal employer identification number, if the licensee is a partnership, or his or her social security number for all other licensees. Existing law requires those licensing bodies to report to the Franchise Tax Board any licensee who fails to provide the federal employer identification number or social security number, and subjects the licensee to a penalty for failing to provide the information after notification, as specified.

This bill would make technical, nonsubstantive changes to that provision require those licensing bodies to require an applicant other

than a partnership to provide either a federal tax identification number or social security number, if one has been issued to the applicant, and would require the licensing bodies to report to the Franchise Tax Board, and subject a licensee to a penalty, for failure to provide that information, as described above. The bill would make other conforming changes.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: no-yes. State-mandated local program: no.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

1 SECTION 1. Section 30 of the Business and Professions Code 2 is amended to read:

3 30. (a) Notwithstanding any other law, any board, as defined 4 in Section 22, and the State Bar and the Bureau of Real Estate shall 5 at the time of issuance of the an initial or renewal license require 6 that the licensee applicant provide its federal employer identification number, if the licensee applicant is a partnership, or 7 8 his or her the applicant's federal taxpayer identification number 9 or social security number, if one has been issued, for all-others 10 other applicants.

11 (b) Any-licensee applicant failing to provide the federal 12 employer identification number number, or the federal taxpayer 13 identification number or social security number, if one has been issued to the individual, shall be reported by the licensing board 14 to the Franchise Tax-Board and, if failing Board. If the applicant 15 fails to provide that information after notification pursuant to 16 17 paragraph (1) of subdivision (b) of Section 19528 of the Revenue and Taxation Code, the applicant shall be subject to the penalty 18 19 provided in paragraph (2) of subdivision (b) of Section 19528 of 20 the Revenue and Taxation Code.

(c) In addition to the penalty specified in subdivision (b), a
licensing board-may shall not process-any an application for an
original initial license unless the applicant-or licensee provides its
federal employer identification number, or *federal taxpayer identification number or* social security number, *if one has been issued to the individual*, where requested on the application.

(d) A licensing board shall, upon request of the Franchise TaxBoard, furnish to the Franchise Tax Board the following

29 information with respect to every licensee:

1 (1) Name.

2 (2) Address or addresses of record.

3 (3) Federal employer identification number if the entity *licensee*

4 is a partnership, or the licensee's federal taxpayer identification

5 *number or* social security number, *if one has been issued to the* 6 *individual*, for all-others other licensees.

7 (4) Type of license.

8 (5) Effective date of license or a renewal.

9 (6) Expiration date of license.

10 (7) Whether license is active or inactive, if known.

11 (8) Whether license is new or a renewal.

12 (e) For the purposes of this section:

13 (1) "Licensee" means-any *a person or* entity, other than a 14 corporation, authorized by a license, certificate, registration, or 15 other means to engage in a business or profession regulated by 16 this code or referred to in Section 1000 or 3600.

(2) "License" includes a certificate, registration, or any other
authorization needed to engage in a business or profession
regulated by this code or referred to in Section 1000 or 3600.

20 (3) "Licensing board" means any board, as defined in Section21 22, the State Bar, and the Bureau of Real Estate.

(f) The reports required under this section shall be filed on
magnetic media or in other machine-readable form, according to
standards furnished by the Franchise Tax Board.

(g) Licensing boards shall provide to the Franchise Tax Board
the information required by this section at a time that the Franchise
Tax Board may require.

28 (h) Notwithstanding Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section

29 6250) of Division 7 of Title 1 of the Government Code, the social

30 security number and a federal employer identification number,

31 federal taxpayer identification number, or social security number

furnished pursuant to this section shall not be deemed to be a publicrecord and shall not be open to the public for inspection.

34 (i) Any deputy, agent, clerk, officer, or employee of any

34 (1) Any deputy, agent, clerk, officer, or employee of any 35 licensing board described in subdivision (a), or any former officer

36 or employee or other individual who in the course of his or her

37 employment or duty has or has had access to the information

38 required to be furnished under this section, may not disclose or 30 make known in any manner that information except as provided

39 make known in any manner that information, except as provided

1	in this section to the Franchise Tax Board or as provided in
2	subdivision (k).
$\frac{2}{3}$	(j) It is the intent of the Legislature in enacting this section to
4	utilize the social security account number or federal employer
4 5	identification number, <i>federal taxpayer identification number, or</i>
5 6	social security number for the purpose of establishing the
7	identification of persons affected by state tax laws and for purposes
8	
o 9	of compliance with Section 17520 of the Family Code and, to that end, the information furnished pursuant to this section shall be
10	used exclusively for those purposes.
10	(k) If the board utilizes a national examination to issue a license,
12	and if a reciprocity agreement or comity exists between the State
12	of California and the state requesting release of the <i>federal taxpayer</i>
14	<i>identification number or</i> social security number, any deputy, agent,
15	clerk, officer, or employee of any licensing board described in
16	subdivision (a) may release a <i>federal taxpayer identification</i>
17	number or social security number to an examination or licensing
18	entity, only for the purpose of verification of licensure or
19	examination status.
20	(<i>l</i>) For the purposes of enforcement of Section 17520 of the
21	Family Code, and notwithstanding any other provision of law, any
22	board, as defined in Section 22, and the State Bar and the Bureau
23	of Real Estate shall at the time of issuance of the license require
24	that each licensee provide the <i>federal taxpayer identification</i>
25	number or social security number, if any has been issued to the
26	licensee, of each individual listed on the license and any person
27	who qualifies the license. For the purposes of this subdivision,
28	"licensee" means any entity that is issued a license by any board,
29	as defined in Section 22, the State Bar, the Bureau of Real Estate,
30	and the Department of Motor Vehicles.
31	SEC. 2. Section 19528 of the Revenue and Taxation Code is
32	amended to read:
33	19528. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the
34	Franchise Tax Board may require any board, as defined in Section
35	22 of the Business and Professions Code, and the State Bar, the
36	Bureau of Real Estate, and the Insurance Commissioner (hereinafter
27	

37 referred to as licensing board) to provide to the Franchise Tax38 Board the following information with respect to every licensee:

39 (1) Name.

40 (2) Address or addresses of record.

1 (3) Federal employer identification number (if the entity is a

2 partnership) or social security number (for all others), if the licensee

3 is a partnership, or the licensee's federal taxpayer identification

4 number or social security number, if any has been issued, of all
5 other licensees.

- 6 (4) Type of license.
- 7 (5) Effective date of license or renewal.
- 8 (6) Expiration date of license.
- 9 (7) Whether license is active or inactive, if known.
- 10 (8) Whether license is new or renewal.
- 11 (b) The Franchise Tax Board may do the following:
- 12 (1) Send a notice to any licensee failing to provide the *federal*

13 employer identification number, federal taxpayer identification

14 *number*, or social security number as required by subdivision (a)

15 of Section 30 of the Business and Professions Code and subdivision

16 (a) of Section 1666.5 of the Insurance Code, describing the

17 information that was missing, the penalty associated with not

18 providing it, and that failure to provide the information within 30

19 days will result in the assessment of the penalty.

20 (2) After 30 days following the issuance of the notice described

21 in paragraph (1), assess a one hundred dollar (\$100) penalty, due

22 and payable upon notice and demand, for any licensee failing to

23 provide either its federal employer identification number (if the

24 licensee is a partnership) or his or her social security number (for

25 all others) as required in Section 30 of the Business and Professions

26 Code and Section 1666.5 of the Insurance Code.

(c) Notwithstanding Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section
6250) of Division 7 of Title 1 of the Government Code, the
information furnished to the Franchise Tax Board pursuant to
Section 30 of the Business and Professions Code or Section 1666.5

31 of the Insurance Code shall not be deemed to be a public record

32 and shall not be open to the public for inspection.

33 SECTION 1. Section 494 of the Business and Professions Code
 34 is amended to read:

35 494. (a) A board or an administrative law judge sitting alone,

- 36 as provided in subdivision (h), may, upon petition, issue an interim
- 37 order suspending a licensee or imposing license restrictions,

38 including, but not limited to, mandatory biological fluid testing,

39 supervision, or remedial training. The petition shall include

1	affidavits that demonstrate, to the satisfaction of the board, both
2	of the following:
3	(1) The licensee has engaged in acts or omissions constituting
4	a violation of this code or has been convicted of a crime
5	substantially related to the licensed activity.
6	(2) Permitting the licensee to continue to engage in the licensed
7	activity, or permitting the licensee to continue in the licensed
8	activity without restrictions, would endanger the public health,
9	safety, or welfare.
10	(b) An interim order provided for in this section shall not be
11	issued without notice to the licensee unless it appears from the
12	petition and supporting documents that serious injury would result
13	to the public before the matter could be heard on notice.
14	(c) Except as provided in subdivision (b), the licensee shall be
15	given at least 15 days' notice of the hearing on the petition for an
16	interim order. The notice shall include documents submitted to the
17	board in support of the petition. If the order was initially issued
18	without notice as provided in subdivision (b), the licensee shall be
19	entitled to a hearing on the petition within 20 days of the issuance
20	of the interim order without notice. The licensee shall be given
21	notice of the hearing within two days after issuance of the initial
22	interim order, and shall receive all documents in support of the
23	petition. The failure of the board to provide a hearing within 20
24	days following the issuance of the interim order without notice,
25	unless the licensee waives his or her right to the hearing, shall
26	result in the dissolution of the interim order by operation of law.
27	(d) At the hearing on the petition for an interim order, the
28	licensee may do all of the following:
29	(1) Be represented by counsel.
30	(2) Have a record made of the proceedings, copies of which
31	shall be available to the licensee upon payment of costs computed
32	in accordance with the provisions for transcript costs for judicial
33	review contained in Section 11523 of the Government Code.
34	(3) Present affidavits and other documentary evidence.
35	(4) Present oral argument.
36	(e) The board, or an administrative law judge sitting alone as
37	provided in subdivision (h), shall issue a decision on the petition
20	for interim order within five business days following submission

for interim order within five business days following submission of the matter. The standard of proof required to obtain an interim order pursuant to this section shall be a preponderance of the

1 evidence standard. If the interim order was previously issued 2 without notice, the board shall determine whether the order shall 3 remain in effect, be dissolved, or modified. 4 (f) The board shall file an accusation within 15 days of the 5 issuance of an interim order. In the case of an interim order issued 6 without notice, the time shall run from the date of the order issued 7 after the noticed hearing. If the licensee files a Notice of Defense, 8 the hearing shall be held within 30 days of the agency's receipt of 9 the Notice of Defense. A decision shall be rendered on the accusation no later than 30 days after submission of the matter. 10 Failure to comply with any of the requirements in this subdivision 11 12 shall dissolve the interim order by operation of law. 13 (g) Interim orders shall be subject to judicial review pursuant 14 to Section 1094.5 of the Code of Civil Procedure and shall be heard 15 only in the superior court in and for the Counties of Sacramento. San Francisco, Los Angeles, or San Diego. The review of an 16 17 interim order shall be limited to a determination of whether the 18 board abused its discretion in the issuance of the interim order. 19 Abuse of discretion is established if the respondent board has not 20 proceeded in the manner required by law, or if the court determines 21 that the interim order is not supported by substantial evidence in 22 light of the whole record. 23 (h) The board may, in its sole discretion, delegate the hearing 24 on a petition for an interim order to an administrative law judge 25 in the Office of Administrative Hearings. If the board hears the 26 noticed petition itself, an administrative law judge shall preside at 27 the hearing, rule on the admission and exclusion of evidence, and 28 advise the board on matters of law. The board shall exercise all 29 other powers relating to the conduct of the hearing but may 30 delegate any or all of them to the administrative law judge. When 31 the petition has been delegated to an administrative law judge, he 32 or she shall sit alone and exercise all of the powers of the board 33 relating to the conduct of the hearing. A decision issued by an 34 administrative law judge sitting alone shall be final when it is filed 35 with the board. If the administrative law judge issues an interim 36 order without notice, he or she shall preside at the noticed hearing, 37 unless unavailable, in which case another administrative law judge 38 may hear the matter. The decision of the administrative law judge 39 sitting alone on the petition for an interim order is final, subject 40 only to judicial review in accordance with subdivision (g).

1 (i) Failure to comply with an interim order issued pursuant to 2 subdivision (a) or (b) shall constitute a separate cause for 3 disciplinary action against a licensee, and may be heard at, and as 4 a part of, the noticed hearing provided for in subdivision (f). 5 Allegations of noncompliance with the interim order may be filed at any time prior to the rendering of a decision on the accusation. 6 7 Violation of the interim order is established upon proof that the 8 licensee was on notice of the interim order and its terms, and that 9 the order was in effect at the time of the violation. The finding of 10 a violation of an interim order made at the hearing on the accusation shall be reviewed as a part of any review of a final 11 12 decision of the agency. 13 If the interim order issued by the agency provides for anything less than a complete suspension of the licensee from his or her 14 15 business or profession, and the licensee violates the interim order prior to the hearing on the accusation provided for in subdivision 16 17 (f), the agency may, upon notice to the licensee and proof of violation, modify or expand the interim order. 18 19 (j) A plea or verdict of guilty or a conviction after a plea of nolo 20 contendere is deemed to be a conviction within the meaning of 21 this section. A certified record of the conviction shall be conclusive 22 evidence of the fact that the conviction occurred. A board may 23 take action under this section notwithstanding the fact that an 24 appeal of the conviction may be taken. 25 (k) The interim orders provided for by this section shall be in addition to, and not a limitation on, the authority to seek injunctive

addition to, and not a limitation on, the authority to seek injunct
 relief provided in any other provision of law.

28 (1) In the case of a board, a petition for an interim order may be

29 filed by the executive officer. In the case of a bureau or program,

30 a petition may be filed by the chief or program administrator, as

31 the case may be.

32 (m) "Board," as used in this section, shall include any agency

33 described in Section 22, and any allied health agency within the

34 jurisdiction of the Medical Board of California. Board shall also

35 include the Osteopathic Medical Board of California and the State

Board of Chiropractic Examiners. The provisions of this section
 shall not apply to the Medical Board of California, the Board of

29 Dedictric Medicine on the State Athlatic Commission

38 Podiatric Medicine, or the State Athletic Commission.

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