

AB 1889 (Portantino)- Private Postsecondary Education: California Private Postsecondary Education Act of 2009

Introduced February 16, 2010, Referred to Appr. Suspense File April 28, 2010

This bill enacts several changes to the Private Postsecondary Education Act of 2009, including:

- 1) Prohibiting an unaccredited institution from offering doctoral degrees.
- 2) Eliminating from the definition of "graduates employed in the field"-for purposes of institutional reports-the inclusion of graduates employed in positions where the training they received provided a significant advantage in obtaining the position.
- 3) Clarifying that the education specialist and senior specialist positions established within the re-established Bureau for Private Postsecondary Education are full-time, permanent positions based in the Sacramento office of the Bureau.

AB 48 (Portantino)/ Chapter 310 of 2009 re-established state regulation of private postsecondary educational institutions in California by a bureau within DCA. This bill enacts several changes to the Act, including the following significant changes:

- a) Requires institutions offering doctoral degrees to be accredited. Accreditation is a voluntary, non-governmental peer review process utilized for the purpose of determining academic quality of higher education institutions and programs. The author notes that, while often cheaper for the student, unaccredited degrees can limit a student's career options. Some career fields and employers require degrees from accredited colleges, especially in professions like education and health care, where certification or licensure is a pre-requisite for employment. The author believes that requiring doctoral degree programs to be accredited will ensure an adequate level of educational quality of doctoral degrees issued by private postsecondary institutions operating in California.

In opposition to this provision, the California Association of Private Postsecondary Schools (CAPPS) argues that prohibiting unaccredited schools from offering doctoral level degrees would negatively impact California unaccredited schools and their students.

CAPPS believes this provision will put a number of schools out of business and destroy many students' efforts to graduate and practice in their chosen profession. CAPPS argues that, while accreditation is an excellent option for schools, there are a number of areas of study such as oriental medicine, energy

medicine, psychology and other areas where the only available accreditation option would not allow for accreditation of smaller schools.

- b) Alters the definition of "graduates employed in the field." "The Act requires that institutions report the number of graduates gainfully employed in the field within six months of graduation and allows for the inclusion of graduates who are employed in positions where the training they received from the institution provided a "significant advantage" to the graduate in obtaining the position. According to the author, concerns were raised by legislative colleagues, during the vote to Concur in Senate Amendments on AB 48, that this latter provision might allow institutions to inappropriately inflate job placements. The author agreed at the time to delete this provision in clean-up legislation, thus the Act would require that the skills obtained through the private postsecondary education or training be required for the position obtained in order for the job to be counted as a graduate placement.

In opposition to this statutory change, Kaplan Inc. argues that it breeches the agreement made last year in AB 48 and is unduly restrictive, as it does not allow institutions to include graduates that start in entry-level positions. Kaplan Inc. believes that the revised reported requirement sets an unrealistic standard that does not accurately reflect the nature of employment in the private sector.

- c) Revises language regarding Bureau Education Specialists positions. The Act appropriated \$580,000 to the Bureau to fund five postsecondary education specialist and senior specialist positions and required these positions be included in the annual budget for the Bureau. The author contends this language was intended to ensure employees of the former Bureau, with expertise in regulation and oversight of private institutions, would have the opportunity to be placed within the new Bureau. The author indicates, however, that the Administration has established these as limited-term positions located outside of the Sacramento area. AB 1889 clarifies that these positions are to be full-time, permanent positions housed in the Sacramento office of the Bureau.

AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY MARCH 17, 2010

CALIFORNIA LEGISLATURE—2009–10 REGULAR SESSION

ASSEMBLY BILL

No. 1889

Introduced by ~~Committee on Higher Education (Portantino (Chair), Block, Cook, Fong, Galgiani, Huber, Ma, and Ruskin)~~ Assembly Member Portantino

February 16, 2010

An act to amend ~~Section~~ Sections 94897, 94904, 94920, and 94928 of the Education Code, and to amend Section 8 of Chapter 310 of the Statutes of 2009, relating to private postsecondary education.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

AB 1889, as amended, ~~Committee on Higher Education~~ Portantino. Private postsecondary education: California Private Postsecondary Education Act of 2009: ~~cancellations and refunds: 2009.~~

Existing

(1) *Existing* law establishes the California Private Postsecondary Education Act of 2009, which, among other things, provides for student protections and regulatory oversight of private postsecondary schools in the state. *The act prohibits institutions, as defined, from performing various actions.*

This bill would additionally prohibit institutions from offering a doctoral degree, unless the institution is accredited.

(2) *The act prohibits an ability-to-benefit student, defined as a student who does not have a certificate of graduation from a school providing secondary education, or a recognized equivalent of that certificate, from enrolling in an institution unless the student achieves a specified score on an independently administered examination from a specified list of examinations prescribed by the United States Department of*

Education that demonstrates that the student may benefit from the education and training being offered.

This bill would authorize the Bureau for Private Postsecondary Education to publish its own list of acceptable examinations if the United States Department of Education does not have a list of relevant examinations that pertain to the intended occupational training.

(3) The act requires specified private postsecondary institutions to refund 100% of the amount paid for institutional charges, less specified expenses, if notice of cancellation is made through attendance at the first class session, or the 7th class day after enrollment, whichever is later.

This bill would change the 2nd deadline for notice of cancellation from the 7th class day after enrollment, to the 7th day after enrollment.

(4) Existing law defines "graduates employed in the field," for purposes of the act, as graduates who are gainfully employed within 6 months of graduation in a position for which the skills obtained through the education and training provided by the institution are required or provided a significant advantage to the graduate in obtaining the position.

This bill would revise this definition to remove skills obtained that have provided a significant advantage to the graduate in obtaining the position.

(5) Existing law appropriates \$580,000 from the Private Postsecondary and Vocational Education Administration Fund to the Bureau for Private Postsecondary Education, for the purpose of funding five private postsecondary education specialist and senior specialist positions.

This bill would require those positions to be permanent, full-time positions that are located in the Sacramento office of the bureau.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: ~~no~~ yes.
State-mandated local program: no.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

- 1 SECTION 1. Section 94897 of the Education Code is amended
- 2 to read:
- 3 94897. An institution shall not do any of the following:
- 4 (a) Use, or allow the use of, any reproduction or facsimile of
- 5 the Great Seal of the State of California on a diploma.

1 (b) Promise or guarantee employment, or otherwise overstate
2 the availability of jobs upon graduation.

3 (c) Advertise concerning job availability, degree of skill, or
4 length of time required to learn a trade or skill unless the
5 information is accurate and not misleading.

6 (d) Advertise, or indicate in promotional material, without
7 including the fact that the educational programs are delivered by
8 means of distance education if the educational programs are so
9 delivered.

10 (e) Advertise, or indicate in promotional material, that the
11 institution is accredited, unless the institution has been accredited
12 by an accrediting agency.

13 (f) Solicit students for enrollment by causing an advertisement
14 to be published in "help wanted" columns in a magazine,
15 newspaper, or publication, or use "blind" advertising that fails to
16 identify the institution.

17 (g) Offer to compensate a student to act as an agent of the
18 institution with regard to the solicitation, referral, or recruitment
19 of any person for enrollment in the institution, except that an
20 institution may award a token gift to a student for referring an
21 individual, provided that the gift is not in the form of money, no
22 more than one gift is provided annually to a student, and the gift's
23 cost is not more than one hundred dollars (\$100).

24 (h) Pay any consideration to a person to induce that person to
25 sign an enrollment agreement for an educational program.

26 (i) Use a name in any manner improperly implying any of the
27 following:

28 (1) The institution is affiliated with any government agency,
29 public or private corporation, agency, or association if it is not, in
30 fact, thus affiliated.

31 (2) The institution is a public institution.

32 (3) The institution grants degrees, if the institution does not
33 grant degrees.

34 (j) In any manner make an untrue or misleading change in, or
35 untrue or misleading statement related to, a test score, grade or
36 record of grades, attendance record, record indicating student
37 completion, placement, employment, salaries, or financial
38 information, including any of the following:

39 (1) A financial report filed with the bureau.

1 (2) Information or records relating to the student's eligibility
2 for student financial aid at the institution.

3 (3) Any other record or document required by this chapter or
4 by the bureau.

5 (k) Willfully falsify, destroy, or conceal any document of record
6 while that document of record is required to be maintained by this
7 chapter.

8 (l) Use the terms "approval," "approved," "approval to operate,"
9 or "approved to operate" without stating clearly and conspicuously
10 that approval to operate means compliance with state standards as
11 set forth in this chapter. If the bureau has granted an institution
12 approval to operate, the institution may indicate that the institution
13 is "licensed" or "licensed to operate," but ~~may~~ *shall* not state or
14 imply either of the following:

15 (1) The institution or its educational programs are endorsed or
16 recommended by the state or by the bureau.

17 (2) The approval to operate indicates that the institution exceeds
18 minimum state standards as set forth in this chapter.

19 (m) Direct any individual to perform an act that violates this
20 chapter, to refrain from reporting unlawful conduct to the bureau
21 or another government agency, or to engage in any unfair act to
22 persuade a student not to complain to the bureau or another
23 government agency.

24 (n) Compensate an employee involved in recruitment,
25 enrollment, admissions, student attendance, or sales of educational
26 materials to students on the basis of a commission, commission
27 draw, bonus, quota, or other similar method related to the
28 recruitment, enrollment, admissions, student attendance, or sales
29 of educational materials to students, except as provided in
30 paragraph (1) or (2):

31 (1) If the educational program is scheduled to be completed in
32 90 days or less, the institution shall pay compensation related to
33 a particular student only if that student completes the educational
34 program.

35 (2) For institutions participating in the federal student financial
36 aid programs, this subdivision shall not prevent the payment of
37 compensation to those involved in recruitment, admissions, or the
38 award of financial aid if those payments are in conformity with
39 federal regulations governing an institution's participation in the
40 federal student financial aid programs.

(o) Require a prospective student to provide personal contact information in order to obtain, from the institution's Internet Web site, educational program information that is required to be contained in the school catalog or any information required pursuant to the consumer information requirements of Title IV of the federal Higher Education Act of 1965, and any amendments thereto.

(p) *Offer a doctoral degree, unless the institution is accredited.*

SEC. 2. *Section 94904 of the Education Code is amended to read:*

94904. Before an ability-to-benefit student may execute an enrollment agreement, the institution shall have the student take an independently administered examination from the list of examinations prescribed by the United States Department of Education pursuant to Section 484(d) of the federal Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. Sec. 1070a et seq.) as it is, from time to time, amended. The student ~~may~~ *shall* not enroll unless the student achieves a score, as specified by the United States Department of Education, demonstrating that the student may benefit from the education and training being offered. *If the United States Department of Education does not have a list of relevant examinations that pertain to the intended occupational training, the bureau may publish its own list of acceptable examinations.*

~~SECTION 1.~~

SEC. 3. *Section 94920 of the Education Code is amended to read:*

94920. An institution that does not participate in the federal student financial aid programs shall do all of the following:

(a) The institution shall advise each student that a notice of cancellation shall be in writing, and that a withdrawal may be effectuated by the student's written notice or by the student's conduct, including, but not necessarily limited to, a student's lack of attendance.

(b) Institutions shall refund 100 percent of the amount paid for institutional charges, less a reasonable deposit or application fee not to exceed two hundred fifty dollars (\$250), if notice of cancellation is made through attendance at the first class session, or the seventh day after enrollment, whichever is later.

1 (c) The bureau may adopt by regulation a different method of
2 calculation for instruction delivered by other means, including,
3 but not necessarily limited to, distance education.

4 (d) The institution shall have a refund policy for the return of
5 unearned institutional charges if the student cancels an enrollment
6 agreement or withdraws during a period of attendance. The refund
7 policy for students who have completed 60 percent or less of the
8 period of attendance shall be a pro rata refund.

9 (e) The institution shall pay or credit refunds within 45 days of
10 a student's cancellation or withdrawal.

11 *SEC. 4. Section 94928 of the Education Code is amended to*
12 *read:*

13 94928. As used in this article, the following terms have the
14 following meanings:

15 (a) "Cohort population" means the number of students that
16 began a program on a cohort start date.

17 (b) "Cohort start date" means the first class day after the
18 cancellation period during which a cohort of students attends class
19 for a specific program.

20 (c) "Graduates" means the number of students who complete a
21 program within 100 percent of the published program length. An
22 institution may separately state completion information for students
23 completing the program within 150 percent of the original
24 contracted time, but that information ~~may~~ *shall* not replace
25 completion information for students completing within the original
26 scheduled time. Completion information shall be separately stated
27 for each campus or branch of the institution.

28 (d) "Graduates available for employment" means the number
29 of graduates minus the number of graduates unavailable for
30 employment.

31 (e) "Graduates employed in the field" means graduates who are
32 gainfully employed within six months of graduation in a position
33 for which the skills obtained through the education and training
34 provided by the institution are required ~~or provided a significant~~
35 ~~advantage to the graduate in obtaining the position.~~

36 (f) "Graduates unavailable for employment" means graduates
37 who, after graduation, die, become incarcerated, are called to active
38 military duty, are international students that leave the United States
39 or do not have a visa allowing employment in the United States,

1 or are continuing their education at an accredited or
2 bureau-approved postsecondary institution.

3 (g) "Students available for graduation" means the cohort
4 population minus the number of students unavailable for
5 graduation.

6 (h) "Students unavailable for graduation" means students who
7 have died, been incarcerated, or called to active military duty.

8 *SEC. 5. Section 8 of Chapter 310 of the Statutes of 2009 is*
9 *amended to read:*

10 Sec. 8. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, and
11 notwithstanding the repeal of the former Private Postsecondary
12 and Vocational Education Reform Act of 1989, the sum of five
13 hundred eighty thousand dollars (\$580,000) is hereby appropriated
14 from the Private Postsecondary and Vocational Education
15 Administration Fund to the Bureau for Private Postsecondary
16 Education, for the purpose of funding five *permanent, full-time*
17 private postsecondary education specialist and senior specialist
18 positions *to be located in the Sacramento office of the Bureau of*
19 *Private Postsecondary Education.*

20 (b) The education specialist and senior specialist positions
21 described in subdivision (a) shall be included in the annual budget
22 for the Bureau for Private Postsecondary Education.

