## AB 40 (Yamada) – Elder abuse: reporting

## Introduced December 6, 2010, Amended March 21, 2011

The Elder Abuse and Dependent Adult Civil Protection Act requires certain persons, called mandated reporters, to report known or suspected instances of elder or dependent adult abuse. Existing law requires a mandated reporter to report the abuse to the local ombudsperson **or** the local law enforcement agency if the abuse occurs in a long-term care facility. Failure to report physical abuse and financial abuse of an elder or dependent adult under the act is a misdemeanor.

This bill would, instead, require the mandated reporter to report the abuse to both the local ombudsperson and the local law enforcement agency. This bill would also make various technical, nonsubstantive changes.

The Long Term Care Ombudsman (LTCO) program is administered through the California Department of Aging (CDA) and 35 local programs contracted through the network of local area agencies on aging (AAA). According to the CDA website, the primary responsibility of the program is to investigate and endeavor to resolve complaints made by, or on behalf of, individual residents in long-term care facilities. The goal of the program is to advocate for the rights of all residents of long-term care facilities.

According to the author, the LTCO program is operating under conflicting mandates. Under the Older American's Act (OAA) mandate, LTCO serve as a resident advocate and are prohibited from disclosing information on reports of abuse to anyone without the written consent of the subject of the report. However, under the state's mandated reporting laws, LTCO are required to receive and initiate investigations of reports of abuse. The author contends that the LTCO is not designed to carry-out investigative roles due to their federal prohibition from disclosing information on reports - a prohibition which precludes reporting to law enforcement and licensing agencies - even when the subject's well-being may be in jeopardy. Without the consent of the resident(s) involved, or their legal representatives, criminal activities that would otherwise be subject to swift and decisive action by law enforcement and licensing agencies, is left to the advocacy devices of volunteers.

The Welfare and Institutions Code acknowledges the conflict, yet affirms that LTCO can only cross report with the consent of the resident (§ 15640 Ýd]), further stating that; "If a victim or potential victim of the neglect withholds consent to being identified in that report, the report shall contain circumstantial information about the neglect but shall not identify that victim or potential victim and the bureau and the reporting agency shall maintain the confidentiality of the report until the report becomes a matter of public record." According to the author, this becomes particularly troubling in abuse cases reported to the LTCO where the victim is unable to offer consent to share information with law enforcement personnel in order to complete a thorough investigation and secure justice-it creates a loophole which allows criminal activity to go unchecked.

### AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY MARCH 21, 2011

CALIFORNIA LEGISLATURE-2011-12 REGULAR SESSION

# **ASSEMBLY BILL**

No. 40

## Introduced by Assembly Member Yamada

December 6, 2010

An act to amend Section 15630 Sections 15630, 15630.1, and 15631 of the Welfare and Institutions Code, relating to elder abuse.

#### LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

AB 40, as amended, Yamada. Elder abuse: reporting.

The Elder Abuse and Dependent Adult Civil Protection Act establishes various procedures for the reporting, investigation, and prosecution of elder and dependent adult abuse. The act requires certain persons, called mandated reporters, to report known or suspected instances of elder or dependent adult abuse. The act requires a mandated reporter, *and authorizes any person who is not a mandated reporter*, to report the abuse to the local—ombudsperson ombudsman or the local law enforcement agency if the abuse occurs in a long-term care facility. Failure to report physical abuse and financial abuse of an elder or dependent adult under the act is a misdemeanor.

This bill would, instead, require the mandated reporter, and authorize any person who is not a mandated reporter, to report the abuse to both the local ombudsperson ombudsman and the local law enforcement agency. This bill would also make various technical, nonsubstantive ehanges.

Existing law requires a mandated reporter of suspected financial abuse of an elder or dependent adult, as defined, to report a known or suspected instance of financial abuse, as described, to the local ombudsman or the local law enforcement agency if the mandated

reporter knows that the elder or dependent adult resides in a long-term care facility.

This bill would, instead, require the mandated reporter to report the abuse to both the local ombudsman and the local law enforcement agency. This bill would also make various technical nonsubstantive changes.

By changing the scope of an existing crime, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program. By increasing the duties of local law enforcement agencies, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

The California Constitution requires the state to reimburse local agencies and school districts for certain costs mandated by the state. Statutory provisions establish procedures for making that reimbursement.

This bill would provide that with regard to certain mandates no reimbursement is required by this act for a specified reason.

With regard to any other mandates, this bill would provide that, if the Commission on State Mandates determines that the bill contains costs so mandated by the state, reimbursement for those costs shall be made pursuant to the statutory provisions noted above.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes. State-mandated local program: yes.

### The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. Section 15630 of the Welfare and Institutions
 Code is amended to read:

15630. (a) Any person who has assumed full or intermittent 3 4 responsibility for the care or custody of an elder or dependent 5 adult, whether or not he or she receives compensation, including 6 administrators, supervisors, and any licensed staff of a public or 7 private facility that provides care or services for elder or dependent 8 adults, or any elder or dependent adult care custodian, health 9 practitioner, clergy member, or employee of a county adult protective services agency or a local law enforcement agency, is 10 11 a mandated reporter.

(b) (1) Any mandated reporter who, in his or her professional capacity, or within the scope of his or her employment, has observed or has knowledge of an incident that reasonably appears to be physical abuse, as defined in Section 15610.63, abandonment, abduction, isolation, financial abuse, or neglect, or is told by an

elder or dependent adult that he or she has experienced behavior,
 including an act or omission, constituting physical abuse, as defined
 in Section 15610.63, abandonment, abduction, isolation, financial
 abuse, or neglect, or reasonably suspects that abuse, shall report
 the known or suspected instance of abuse by telephone immediately
 or as soon as practicably possible, and by written report sent within
 two working days, as follows:

8 (A) If the abuse has occurred in a long-term care facility, except 9 a state mental health hospital or a state developmental center, the 10 report shall be made to both the local-<u>ombudsperson</u> ombudsman 11 and the local law enforcement agency.

12 The local ombudsperson ombudsman and the local law 13 enforcement agency shall, as soon as practicable, except in the 14 case of an emergency or pursuant to a report required to be made 15 pursuant to clause (v), in which case these actions shall be taken 16 immediately, do all of the following:

(i) Report to the State Department of Public Health any case of
known or suspected abuse occurring in a long-term health care
facility, as defined in subdivision (a) of Section 1418 of the Health
and Safety Code.

(ii) Report to the State Department of Social Services any case
of known or suspected abuse occurring in a residential care facility
for the elderly, as defined in Section 1569.2 of the Health and
Safety Code, or in an adult day care facility, as defined in paragraph
(2) of subdivision (a) of Section 1502.

(iii) Report to the State Department of Public Health and the
California Department of Aging any case of known or suspected
abuse occurring in an adult day health care center, as defined in
subdivision (b) of Section 1570.7 of the Health and Safety Code.
(iv) Report to the Bureau of Medi-Cal Fraud and Elder Abuse

31 any case of known or suspected criminal activity.

(v) Report all cases of known or suspected physical abuse and
 financial abuse to the local district attorney's office in the county
 where the abuse occurred.

(B) If the suspected or alleged abuse occurred in a state mental
hospital or a state developmental center, the report shall be made
to designated investigators of the State Department of Mental
Health or the State Department of Developmental Services, or to
the local law enforcement agency.

Except in an emergency, the local law enforcement agency shall,
 as soon as practicable, report any case of known or suspected
 criminal activity to the Bureau of Medi-Cal Fraud and Elder Abuse.
 (C) If the abuse has occurred any place other than one described
 in subparagraph (A), the report shall be made to the adult protective
 services agency or the local law enforcement agency.

7 (2) (A) A mandated reporter who is a clergy member who 8 acquires knowledge or reasonable suspicion of elder or dependent 9 adult abuse during a penitential communication is not subject to paragraph (1). For purposes of this subdivision, "penitential 10 communication" means a communication that is intended to be in 11 12 confidence, including, but not limited to, a sacramental confession 13 made to a clergy member who, in the course of the discipline or 14 practice of his or her church, denomination, or organization is authorized or accustomed to hear those communications and under 15 16 the discipline tenets, customs, or practices of his or her church, 17 denomination, or organization, has a duty to keep those 18 communications secret.

(B) This subdivision shall not be construed to modify or limit a clergy member's duty to report known or suspected elder and dependent adult abuse if he or she is acting in the capacity of a care custodian, health practitioner, or employee of an adult protective services agency.

(C) Notwithstanding any other provision in this section, a clergy member who is not regularly employed on either a full-time or part-time basis in a long-term care facility or does not have care or custody of an elder or dependent adult shall not be responsible for reporting abuse or neglect that is not reasonably observable or discernible to a reasonably prudent person having no specialized training or experience in elder or dependent care.

(3) (A) A mandated reporter who is a physician and surgeon,
a registered nurse, or a psychotherapist, as defined in Section 1010
of the Evidence Code, shall not be required to report, pursuant to
paragraph (1), an incident if all of the following conditions exist:
(i) The mandated reporter has been told by an elder or dependent

adult that he or she has experienced behavior constituting physical
abuse, as defined in Section 15610.63, abandonment, abduction,
isolation, financial abuse, or neglect.

-5-

1 (ii) The mandated reporter is not aware of any independent 2 evidence that corroborates the statement that the abuse has 3 occurred.

4 (iii) The elder or dependent adult has been diagnosed with a 5 mental illness or dementia, or is the subject of a court-ordered 6 conservatorship because of a mental illness or dementia.

7 (iv) In the exercise of clinical judgment, the physician and 8 surgeon, the registered nurse, or the psychotherapist, as defined 9 in Section 1010 of the Evidence Code, reasonably believes that 10 the abuse did not occur.

(B) This paragraph shall not be construed to impose upon
 mandated reporters a duty to investigate a known or suspected
 incident of abuse and shall not be construed to lessen or restrict
 any existing duty of mandated reporters.

(4) (A) In a long-term care facility, a mandated reporter shall
not be required to report as a suspected incident of abuse, as defined
in Section 15610.07, an incident if all of the following conditions
exist:

(i) The mandated reporter is aware that there is a proper planof care.

(ii) The mandated reporter is aware that the plan of care wasproperly provided or executed.

(iii) A physical, mental, or medical injury occurred as a result
 of care provided pursuant to clause (i) or (ii).

(iv) The mandated reporter reasonably believes that the injurywas not the result of abuse.

27 (B) This paragraph shall not be construed to require a mandated reporter to seek, nor to preclude a mandated reporter from seeking, 28 information regarding a known or suspected incident of abuse prior 29 to reporting. This paragraph shall apply only to those categories 30 31 of mandated reporters that the State Department of Public Health 32 determines, upon approval by the Bureau of Medi-Cal Fraud and 33 Elder Abuse and the state long-term care-ombudsperson 34 ombudsman, have access to plans of care and have the training 35 and experience necessary to determine whether the conditions 36 specified in this section have been met.

37 (c) (1) Any mandated reporter who has knowledge, or
38 reasonably suspects, that types of elder or dependent adult abuse
39 for which reports are not mandated have been inflicted upon an
40 elder or dependent adult, or that his or her emotional well-being

is endangered in any other way, may report the known or suspected
 instance of abuse.

3 (2) If the suspected or alleged abuse occurred in a long-term 4 care facility other than a state mental health hospital or a state 5 developmental center, the report may be made to the long-term 6 care ombudsperson ombudsman program. Except in an emergency, 7 the local-ombudsperson ombudsman shall report any case of known or suspected abuse to the State Department of Public Health and 8 9 any case of known or suspected criminal activity to the Bureau of Medi-Cal Fraud and Elder Abuse, as soon as is practicable. 10

11 (3) If the suspected or alleged abuse occurred in a state mental health hospital or a state developmental center, the report may be 12 13 made to the designated investigator of the State Department of 14 Mental Health or the State Department of Developmental Services 15 or to a local law enforcement agency or to the local-ombudsperson 16 ombudsman. Except in an emergency, the local-ombudsperson 17 ombudsman and the local law enforcement agency shall report any 18 case of known or suspected criminal activity to the Bureau of 19 Medi-Cal Fraud and Elder Abuse, as soon as is practicable.

(4) If the suspected or alleged abuse occurred in a place other
 than a place described in paragraph (2) or (3), the report may be
 made to the county adult protective services agency.

(5) If the conduct involves criminal activity not covered in
 subdivision (b), it may be immediately reported to the appropriate
 law enforcement agency.

26 (d) If two or more mandated reporters are present and jointly have knowledge or reasonably suspect that types of abuse of an 27 28 elder or a dependent adult for which a report is or is not mandated 29 have occurred, and there is agreement among them, the telephone 30 report may be made by a member of the team selected by mutual 31 agreement, and a single report may be made and signed by the 32 selected member of the reporting team. Any member who has 33 knowledge that the member designated to report has failed to do 34 so shall thereafter make the report.

(e) A telephone report of a known or suspected instance of elder or dependent adult abuse shall include, if known, the name of the person making the report, the name and age of the elder or dependent adult, the present location of the elder or dependent adult, the names and addresses of family members or any other adult responsible for the elder's or dependent adult's care, the

nature and extent of the elder's or dependent adult's condition, the
 date of the incident, and any other information, including
 information that led that person to suspect elder or dependent adult
 abuse, as requested by the agency receiving the report.

-7-

5 (f) The reporting duties under this section are individual, and 6 no supervisor or administrator shall impede or inhibit the reporting 7 duties, and no person making the report shall be subject to any 8 sanction for making the report. However, internal procedures to 9 facilitate reporting, ensure confidentiality, and apprise supervisors 10 and administrators of reports may be established, provided they 11 are not inconsistent with this chapter.

(g) (1) Whenever this section requires a county adult protective
services agency to report to a law enforcement agency, the law
enforcement agency shall, immediately upon request, provide a
copy of its investigative report concerning the reported matter to
that county adult protective services agency.

(2) Whenever this section requires a law enforcement agency
to report to a county adult protective services agency, the county
adult protective services agency shall, immediately upon request,
provide to that law enforcement agency a copy of its investigative
report concerning the reported matter.

(3) The requirement to disclose investigative reports pursuant to this subdivision shall not include the disclosure of social services records or case files that are confidential, nor shall this subdivision be construed to allow disclosure of any reports or records if the disclosure would be prohibited by any other provision of state or federal law.

28 (h) Failure to report, or impeding or inhibiting a report of, 29 physical abuse, as defined in Section 15610.63, abandonment, 30 abduction, isolation, financial abuse, or neglect of an elder or 31 dependent adult, in violation of this section, is a misdemeanor, 32 punishable by not more than six months in the county jail, by a 33 fine of not more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000), or by both 34 that fine and imprisonment. Any mandated reporter who willfully 35 fails to report, or impedes or inhibits a report of, physical abuse, 36 as defined in Section 15610.63, abandonment, abduction, isolation, 37 financial abuse, or neglect of an elder or dependent adult, in 38 violation of this section, if that abuse results in death or great bodily 39 injury, shall be punished by not more than one year in a county 40 jail, by a fine of not more than five thousand dollars (\$5,000), or

by both that fine and imprisonment. If a mandated reporter
 intentionally conceals his or her failure to report an incident known
 by the mandated reporter to be abuse or severe neglect under this
 section, the failure to report is a continuing offense until a law
 enforcement agency specified in paragraph (1) of subdivision (b)
 of Section 15630 discovers the offense.

7 (i) For purposes of this section, "dependent adult" shall have 8 the same meaning as in Section 15610.23.

9 SEC. 2. Section 15630.1 of the Welfare and Institutions Code 10 is amended to read:

11 15630.1. (a) As used in this section, "mandated reporter of
12 suspected financial abuse of an elder or dependent adult" means
13 all officers and employees of financial institutions.

14 (b) As used in this section, the term "financial institution" means 15 any of the following:

16 (1) A depository institution, as defined in Section 3(c) of the 17 Federal Deposit Insurance Act (12 U.S.C. Sec. 1813(c)).

(2) An institution-affiliated party, as defined in Section 3(u) of
 the Federal Deposit Insurance Act (12 U.S.C. Sec. 1813(u)).

20 (3) A federal credit union or state credit union, as defined in

21 Section 101 of the Federal Credit Union Act (12 U.S.C. Sec. 1752),

including, but not limited to, an institution-affiliated party of acredit union, as defined in Section 206(r) of the Federal Credit

24 Union Act (12 U.S.C. Sec. 1786(r)).

25 (c) As used in this section, "financial abuse" has the same 26 meaning as in Section 15610.30.

27 (d) (1) Any mandated reporter of suspected financial abuse of an elder or dependent adult who has direct contact with the elder 28 29 or dependent adult or who reviews or approves the elder or dependent adult's financial documents, records, or transactions, 30 in connection with providing financial services with respect to an 31 elder or dependent adult, and who, within the scope of his or her 32 employment or professional practice, has observed or has 33 34 knowledge of an incident, that is directly related to the transaction 35 or matter that is within that scope of employment or professional practice, that reasonably appears to be financial abuse, or who 36 reasonably suspects that abuse, based solely on the information 37 before him or her at the time of reviewing or approving the 38 document, record, or transaction in the case of mandated reporters 39 40 who do not have direct contact with the elder or dependent adult,

shall report the known or suspected instance of financial abuse by
 telephone immediately, or as soon as practicably possible, and by
 written report sent within two working days to the local adult

-9-

4 protective services agency or the local law enforcement agency.

5 (2) When two or more mandated reporters jointly have 6 knowledge or reasonably suspect that financial abuse of an elder 7 or a dependent adult for which the report is mandated has occurred, 8 and when there is an agreement among them, the telephone report 9 may be made by a member of the reporting team who is selected 10 by mutual agreement. A single report may be made and signed by 11 the selected member of the reporting team. Any member of the 12 team who has knowledge that the member designated to report has 13 failed to do so shall thereafter make that report.

(3) If the mandated reporter knows that the elder or dependent
adult resides in a long-term care facility, as defined in Section
15610.47, the report shall be made to the local ombudsman-or and
local law enforcement agency.

(e) An allegation by the elder or dependent adult, or any other
 person, that financial abuse has occurred is not sufficient to trigger
 the reporting requirement under this section if both of the following
 conditions are met:

(1) The mandated reporter of suspected financial abuse of an elder or dependent adult is aware of no other corroborating or independent evidence of the alleged financial abuse of an elder or dependent adult. The mandated reporter of suspected financial abuse of an elder or dependent adult is not required to investigate any accusations.

28 (2) In the exercise of his or her professional judgment, the 29 mandated reporter of suspected financial abuse of an elder or 30 dependent adult reasonably believes that financial abuse of an 31 elder or dependent adult did not occur.

(f) Failure to report financial abuse under this section shall be subject to a civil penalty not exceeding one thousand dollars (\$1,000) or if the failure to report is willful, a civil penalty not exceeding five thousand dollars (\$5,000), which shall be paid by the financial institution that is the employer of the mandated reporter to the party bringing the action. Subdivision (h) of Section 15630 shall not apply to violations of this section.

39 (g) (1) The civil penalty provided for in subdivision (f) shall 40 be recovered only in a civil action brought against the financial institution by the Attorney General, district attorney, or county
 counsel. No action shall be brought under this section by any

3 person other than the Attorney General, district attorney, or county

4 counsel. Multiple actions for the civil penalty may not be brought

5 for the same violation.

6 (2) Nothing in the Financial Elder Abuse Reporting Act of 2005
7 shall be construed to limit, expand, or otherwise modify any civil
8 liability or remedy that may exist under this or any other law.

9 (h) As used in this section, "suspected financial abuse of an elder or dependent adult" occurs when a person who is required 10 11 to report under subdivision (a) observes or has knowledge of 12 behavior or unusual circumstances or transactions, or a pattern of 13 behavior or unusual circumstances or transactions, that would lead 14 an individual with like training or experience, based on the same 15 facts, to form a reasonable belief that an elder or dependent adult 16 is the victim of financial abuse as defined in Section 15610.30.

17 (i) Reports of suspected financial abuse of an elder or dependent

adult made by an employee or officer of a financial institution
pursuant to this section are covered under subdivision (b) of Section
47 of the Civil Code.

(j) This section shall remain in effect only until January 1, 2013, and as of that date is repealed, unless a later enacted statute, that

23 is enacted before January 1, 2013, deletes or extends that date.

24 SEC. 3. Section 15631 of the Welfare and Institutions Code is 25 amended to read:

26 15631. (a) Any person who is not a mandated reporter under 27 Section 15630, who knows, or reasonably suspects, that an elder 28 or a dependent adult has been the victim of abuse may report that 29 abuse to a long-term care ombudsman program or local law 30 enforcement agency or both the long-term care ombudsman 31 program and local law enforcement agency when the abuse is 32 alleged to have occurred in a long-term care facility.

(b) Any person who is not a mandated reporter under Section
15630, who knows, or reasonably suspects, that an elder or a
dependent adult has been the victim of abuse in any place other
than a long-term care facility may report the abuse to the county
adult protective services agency or local law enforcement agency.
SEC. 2.

39 SEC. 4. No reimbursement is required by this act pursuant to 40 Section 6 of Article XIII B of the California Constitution for certain -11-

98

costs that may be incurred by a local agency or school district
 because, in that regard, this act creates a new crime or infraction,
 eliminates a crime or infraction, or changes the penalty for a crime
 or infraction, within the meaning of Section 17556 of the
 Government Code, or changes the definition of a crime within the
 meaning of Section 6 of Article XIII B of the California
 Constitution.

8 However, if the Commission on State Mandates determines that 9 this act contains other costs mandated by the state, reimbursement 10 to local agencies and school districts for those costs shall be made 11 pursuant to Part 7 (commencing with Section 17500) of Division

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12 4 of Title 2 of the Government Code.